

COMPOUND DATA SHEET FM257/1 Red

General description

FM257/1 is a bromobutyl compound with silicate filler. Unconventionally cured, free from MBT.

Identification as per Ph.Eur. 3.2.9., method A

A typical ATR-FTIR spectrum of a clean, cut surface of FM257/1 is enclosed on page 3.

Physical properties

Hardness	52 ± 5 °Shore A
ISO 48-4 (1s indentation; measured after min.1h)	
Density	1.350 ± 0.025 g/cm ³
ISO 2781	
Ash content	46.0 ± 2.0 %
EP 2.4.16	
Compression set	15 %
ISO 815-1, (typical value)	
Modulus 100	2.2 N/mm ²
Internal method. 100mm/min, (typical value)	
Modulus 300	4.4 N/mm ²
Internal method. 100mm/min, (typical value)	
Elongation @ Break	460 %
Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical	
value)	
Tensile Strength @ Break	7.6 N/mm ²
Internal method. 200mm/min, ISO 37 Dumb-bell 2, (typical	
value)	
Water Vapor Transmission Rate	0.04 [g-mm]/m ² .24h
ASTM F-1249, 38°C, 100%RH (typical value)	
Oxygen Transmission Rate	67 [cc-mm]/m ² .24h
ASTM D-3985, 38°C, 85%RH, 100% O₂ (typical value)	

Compound ingredient declarations

FM257/1 is not made with natural rubber latex. Latex

Nitrosamines FM257/1 is not made with chemicals that are associated with

nitrosamine formation as per the ASTM F1313-90 list. BSE/TSE

For the raw materials of FM257/1, certification confirming that such products are either of vegetable origin or are manufactured in severe process conditions for inactivation of prions as described in the EMA/410/01-rev.3 and in the European Pharmacopoeia 5.2.8. "Minimizing the risk of transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy Agents" is

FM257/1 is not made with 2-mercapto-benzothiazole (MCBT, MBT

also named MBT), or any of its derivatives.

Further compound declarations can be found in file MD0035.

For detailed extractables information, please contact your Datwyler representative.

Chemical properties

Ph.Eur.3.2.9. : ISO 8871-1 USP <381>

FM257/1 meets the chemical requirements for Type I closures specified in Ph.Eur. 3.2.9, USP <381> and ISO 8871-1. Typical results are given in the table on page 2. A typical UV spectrum is

enclosed on page 3.

Ph.Jap.7.03. : FM257/1 meets the chemical requirements specified in Ph.Jap. 7.03. Typical results are given in the table on page 2. A typical UV spectrum is enclosed on page 3.

Note: Chemical testing is performed on non-post-treated standard test plates or products, prepared using representative process conditions.

Elemental impurities

An overview of the elemental impurities is given on page 2.

Biocompatibility

ISO 10993-5 Ph.Jap.7.03.

USP <87><88>: FM257/1 is non-cytotoxic and meets the requirements of the Elution Test as described in USP <87>, "Biological Reactivity Tests, in vitro" and the ISO 10993-5 "in vitro cytotoxicity". A typical test

certificate is enclosed on page 4.

ISO 10993-5 cytotoxicity testing is considered equivalent with Pharm. Jap. 7.03 cytotoxicity testing.

Note: "FMxxxx" refers to the type of compound, the extension "/x" refers to the color of the said compound. Differently colored compounds might be used for testing throughout this document. It is generally accepted that the color is irrelevant for the properties discussed, except Ash content and Density which are different per color



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Typical results of chemical properties as per Ph.Eur.3.2.9., USP <381> and ISO 8871-1 for FM257/1:

Characte	eristic	Limits	FM257/1
Appearance of	Turbidity	Type I: ≤ 6 NTU (*) Type II: ≤ 18 NTU (*)	0.6
solution	Color	Solution S is not more intensely colored than reference	Pass
Acidity or alkalinity (NA : Not applicable)		≤ 0.8 ml 0.01M HCl	NA
		≤ 0.3 ml 0.01M NaOH	0.0
UV Absorbance (max	220-360 nm)	Type I: ≤ 0.2 Type II: ≤ 4.0	0.0
Reducing substances		Type I: ≤ 3.0 ml 0.01M Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ Type II: ≤ 7.0 ml 0.01M Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃	0.2
Extractable heavy med	tals	≤ 2 ppm Pb ²⁺	Pass
Extractable zinc		≤ 5.0 ppm Zn ²⁺	0.0
Ammonium		≤ 2 ppm NH ₄ ⁺	Pass
Residue on evaporation (only for EP)	on	Type I: ≤ 2.0 mg Type II: ≤ 4.0 mg	0.1
Volatile sulphides		e sulphides Any black stain on the paper is not more intense than that produced by a control solution	

^(*) By definition corresponding with reference suspensions II and III (for Ph.Eur.) or B and C (for USP) respectively

Typical results of chemical properties as per Ph.Jap.7.03:

Chara	cteristic	Limits	FM257/1
Appearance	%T at 430nm	≥ 99.0%	99.8
	%T at 650nm	≥ 99.0%	99.9
pH (difference with	blank)	-1.0≥ ≤ 1.0	0.1
Zinc		≤ 1 ppm Zn²+	0.0
Reducing substance	es	≤ 2.0ml 0.002 M KMnO ₄	0.3
Residue on evapor	ation	≤ 2.0mg	0.1
UV absorbance (Ma	ax. Abs. 220-350nm)	≤ 0.20	0.01
Cadmium*		≤ 5 ppm	0.0
Lead*		≤ 5 ppm	0.7

^(*) measured directly on the rubber

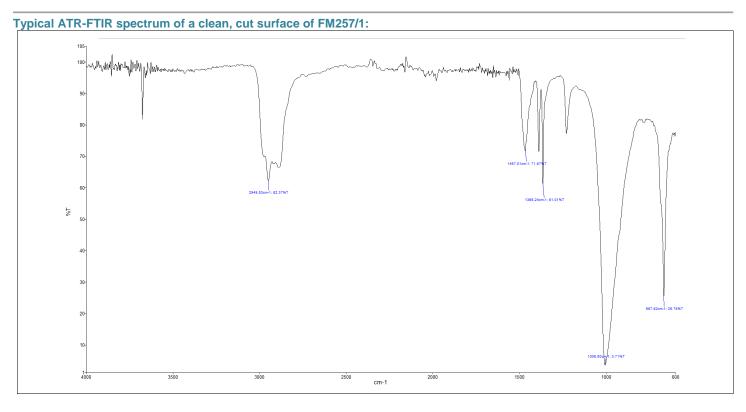
Elemental impurities for FM257/1:

Elemental Impurity		ICH Q3D Class Reference	Result (μg/g)*
Arsenic	As	1	<0.05
Cadmium	Cd	1	<0.05
Mercury	Hg	1	<0.05
Lead	Pb	1	<0.05
Vanadium	V	2A	<0.05
Cobalt	Со	2A	<0.05
Nickel	Ni	2A	<0.05
Lithium	Li	3	<0.05
Copper	Cu	3	<0.05
Antimony	Sb	3	<0.05
Zinc	Zn	-	0.23

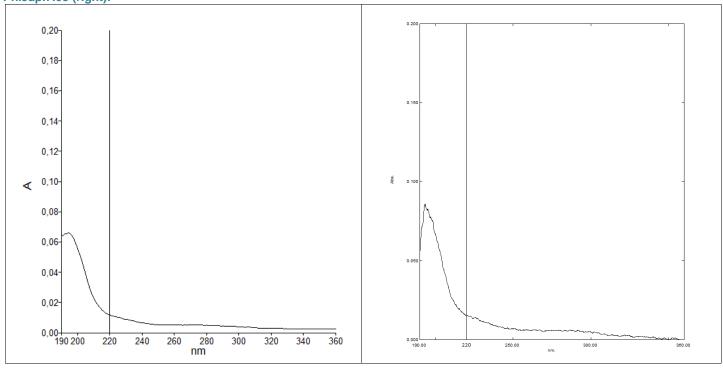
The elemental impurities are extracted with a 0.2N HNO₃, 0.05N HCl and 200 ppb gold solution in a 1g rubber/2.5mL ratio. The containers are sealed and heated to 70°C for 24h, after which they are allowed to cool and measured within 48h. The results are an average of 3 replicates, measured via ICP-OES according to Elemental Impurities – Procedures USP (233).



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Typical UV spectrum of the Solution S extract of FM257/1, measured as per Ph.Eur. 3.2.9., USP <381> and ISO8871-1 (left) and Ph.Jap.7.03 (right):





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USP<87> Elution Test certificate for FM257/1:



TEST RESULT REPORT



Project Number: TE 09968 Sponsor:

Helvoet Pharma Belgium NV Mrs. Nadia Nouri

Study Number: Report Date:

09-B2506-N1 24/12/2009

Contact:

Industrieterrein Kolmen 1519

Date Sample Arrival: Technical Initiation:

18/12/2009 21/12/2009

Address:

3570 Alken, Belgium

Technical Completion:

24/12/2009

PO.Number: Study

Test Item

Lot

PB0904230 Elution Test - ISO

FM257/2 V9250 SAF1

30171994

Temp/Time	37°C/24 hours
Ratio	25cm ² /20mL
Vehicle	MEM-Complete

REFERENCE: According to "ISO 10993-5, 2009: Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices- Part 5:Tests for In Vitro Cytotoxicity." and "USP 32-NF 27, 2009: <87> Biological reactivity test, in vitro." Toxikon Reference: SOP 3.1.2.3, rev. 08

PROCEDURE: The biological reactivity of a mammalian monolayer, L929 mouse fibroblast cell culture, in response to the test item extract was determined. The samples and control articles were autoclaved prior to the preparation of the extracts. Extracts were prepared at 37±1°C for 24 hours in a humidified atmosphere containing 5±1% carbon dioxide (static). Positive (natural rubber) and negative (silicone) control articles were prepared to verify the proper functioning of the test system. The maintenance medium on the cell cultures is replaced by the extracts of the test item or control article in triplicate and the cultures are subsequently incubated for 48 hours, at 37±1°C, in a humidified atmosphere containing 5±1% carbon dioxide. Biological reactivity was rated on the following scale: Grade 0 (No reactivity); Grade 1 (Slight reactivity), Grade 2 (Mild reactivity), Grade 3 (Moderate reactivity) and Grade 4 (Severe reactivity). The test item is considered non-cytotoxic if none of the cultures exposed to the test item shows greater than mild reactivity (Grade 2).

RESULTS: No reactivity (Grade 0) was exhibited by the cell cultures exposed to the test item at the 48 hours observation. Severe reactivity (Grade 4) was observed for the positive control article. The negative control article showed no signs of reactivity (Grade 0).

CONCLUSION: Based on the evaluation criteria mentioned above, the test item is considered non-cytotoxic.

RECORD STORAGE: All raw data generated in this study will be archived at Toxikon Europe, according to SOP 4.2.8.

AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL

6₺ ir. Peter Cornelis Study Director

Vanessa Ruymen Quality Assurance

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